PORM PTO 1390
(REV 5-99)
US DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES
DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)
CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. §371

International Application No.
PCT/JP00/08253

ATTORNEY DOCKET NUMBER 2001\_1023A

U.S.A.BLICATION NO. 2011 (Find 10-1) (

**Title of Invention** 

A HUMAN NUCLEAR PROTEIN HAVING A WW DOMAIN AND A POLYNUCLEOTIDE ENCODING THE PROTEIN

# Applicant(s) For DO/EO/US

Seishi KATO, Akihiko KOMURO, Yutaka HIROSE

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

- 1. [X] This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. §371.
- 2. [] This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. §371.
- 3. [] This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. §371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. §371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).
- 4. [] A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
- 5. [X] A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. §371(c)(2))
  - a. [] is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
  - b. [X] has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
  - c. [] is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US)
- 6. [X] A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. §371(c)(2)). ATTACHMENT A
- 7. [] Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. §371(c)(3)).
  - a. [] are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
  - b. [] have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
  - c. [] have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
  - d. [] have not been made and will not be made.
- 8. [] A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19.
- 9. [X] An unexecuted executed oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. §371(c)(4)). ATTACHMENT B
- 10. [] A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. §371(c)(5)).

# Items 11. to 14. below concern other document(s) or information included:

- 11. [X] An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. ATTACHMENT C
- 12. [] An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
- 13. [X] A FIRST preliminary amendment. ATTACHMENT D
  - [] A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.
- 14. [X] Other items or information: DISKETTE CONTAINING SEQUENCE LISTING

THE COMMISSIONER IS AUTHORIZED TO CHARGE ANY DEFICIENCY IN THE FEE FOR THIS PAPER TO DEPOSIT

U.S. APPLICATION OF MEN	89722	INTERNATIONA PCT/JP00/08253	AL APPLICAT	ION NO.	ATTORNEY'S DOCKI 2001_1023A	ET NO.				
15. [X] The following fees are su			CALCULATIONS	PTO USE ONLY						
BASIC NATIONAL FE Neither international preliminary and International Search Report has be International preliminary examina paid to USPTO International preliminary examina of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) International preliminary examina PCT Article 33(1)-(4)										
ENTER APPRO	ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =									
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnish	Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than [] 20 [] 30 months from the earliest									
claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.		Number E	Evtra	Rate	\$					
Claims	Number Filed -20 =	Number E	ZALIA	X \$18.00	\$					
Total Claims				X \$80.00	*					
Independent Claims  Multiple dependent claim(s) (if a	nnlicable)			+ \$270.00	\$					
	OF ABOVE C	ALCIII ATIO	ONS -		\$860.00					
Small Entity Status is her					\$					
142 (Mark		SUBTOTA	L =		\$860.00					
Processing fee of \$130.00 for fu claimed priority date (37 CFR 1	rnishing the English tran	nslation later than []	20 [] 30 month	s from the earliest +	\$					
claimed priority date (37 CFR 1	TOTAL N	ATIONAL F	EE =		\$860.00					
Fee for recording the enclosed a appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR	ssignment (37 CFR 1.2) 2 3.28, 3.31). \$40 per p	l(h)). The assignme property +	ent must be acco	mpanied by an	\$					
	TOTAL FE	ES ENCLOS	ED =		\$860.00					
					Amount to be refunded	\$				
					Amount to be charged	<u> </u>				
<ul> <li>a. [X] A check in the amount of \$5</li> <li>b. [] Please charge my Deposit Acc</li></ul>	count No. 23-0975 in the auties enclosed.  authorized to charge any adount No. 23-0975.	mount of \$ditional fees which may	to cover the above	ove fees. credit any		n 4 40=/ `				
NOTE: Where an appropriate (b)) must be filed and gran	NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.									
19. CORRESPONDENCE ADD		M. Cheek, Jr., tration No. 33,367								
				•	, LIND & PONACK, L.L.P.	•				

000513
PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE

WENDEROTH, LIND & PONACK, L.L.P. 2033 "K" Street, N.W., Suite 800 Washington, D.C. 20006-1021 Phone:(202) 721-8200 Fax:(202) 721-8250

July 20, 2001

[CHECK NO. <u>45544</u>

[2001\_1023A]

# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of

Seishi KATO et al.

Attn: BOX PCT

Serial No. NEW

Docket No. 2001\_1023A

Filed July 20, 2001

A HUMAN NUCLEAR PROTEIN HAVING A WW DOMAIN AND A POLYNUCLEOTIDE ENCODING THE PROTEIN [Corresponding to PCT/JP00/08253 Filed November 22, 2000]

# PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

<u>Prior to calculating the filing fee</u>, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

## IN THE SPECIFICATION

Page 1, immediately after the title, please insert:

This application is a 371 of PCT/JP00/08253 filed November 22, 2000.

# IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

5. (Amended) An expression vector expressing the polynucleotide of claim 2 in *in vitro* translation or in host cells.

protein of claim 1, and which polynucleotide comprises the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO. 2.

# Please add the following new claims:

- 8. An expression vector expressing the polynucleotide of claim 3 in *in vitro* translation or in host cells.
- 9. A transformed cell producing the human nuclear protein of claim 1, which is a cell transformed with an expression vector which expresses a polynucleotide encoding the protein of claim 1, and which polynucleotide consists of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO. 2.

# **REMARKS**

The specification has been amended to reflect the 371 status. In addition, the claims have been amended to remove the multiple dependencies to reduce the PTO filing fee.

Attached hereto is a marked-up version of the changes made to the specification and claims by the current amendment. The attached pages are captioned "Version with markings to show changes made".

Favorable action on the merits is solicited.

Respectfully submitted,

Seishi KATO et al.

Bv

Warren M. Cheek, Jr. () Registration No. 33,367

Attorney for Applicants

WMC/dlk Washington, D.C. 20006-1021 Telephone (202) 721-8200 Facsimile (202) 721-8250 July 20, 2001

20

16

Version with Markings to Show Changes Made

#### **CLAIMS**

- An isolated and purified human nuclear protein comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 2. A polynucleotide encoding the protein of claim 1, which comprises the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
- The polynucleotide of claim 2, consisting of the nucleotide sequence of 3. 10 SEQ ID NO: 2.
  - A human genomic DNA fragment with which a polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO:3 or a partial contiguous sequence thereof hybridizes under stringent conditions.

An expression vector expressing the polynucleotide of claim 2 or 3 in in vitro translation, or in host cells.

transformed cell producing the human nuclear protein of claim 1, which is transformants with the expression vector of claim 5...

An antibody against the human nuclear protein of claim 1. 7.

I a cell dransformed with an expression vector which expresses a polynucleotide encoding the protein of Claim 1, and which comprises the nucleotide sequence of SEQ. ID NO. 2.

**Ps'd PCT/PTO** 19 OCT 2001 **09**/88**97**22

# THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of

Seishi KATO et al.

Attn: BOX PCT

Serial No. 09/889,722

Docket No. 2001\_1023A

Filed July 20, 2001

A HUMAN NUCLEAR PROTEIN HAVING A WW DOMAIN AND A POLYNUCLEOTIDE ENCODING THE PROTEIN [Corresponding to PCT/JP00/08253 Filed November 22, 2000] THE COMMISSIONER IS AUTHORIZED TO CHARGE ANY DEFICIENCY IN THE FEE FOR THIS PAPER TO DEFINE ACCOUNT NO. 23-8375.

# AMENDMENT AND REPLY TO NOTIFICATION OF MISSING REQUIREMENTS <u>UNDER 35 USC 371</u>

Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231 Sir:

In response to the PTO Notification of Missing Requirements Under 35 USC 371 dated September 10, 2001, submitted herewith is a Declaration for the above application executed by the inventors.

Enclosed is a paper and computer readable copy of the Sequence Listing. Please replace the Sequence Listing originally filed with the attached substitute Sequence Listing. No new matter is added.

Also enclosed are the PTO surcharge of \$130,00 required by 37 CFR 1.492(e), and a copy of the PTO notice.

It is respectfully submitted that the application is now complete, and early indication thereof is now requested.

Respectfully submitted, Seishi KATO et al.

У \_\_\_\_

Warren M. Cheek, Jr. Registration No. 33,367

Wan cheek

Attorney for Applicants

WMC/dlk Washington, D.C. 20006-1021 Telephone (202) 721-8200 Facsimile (202) 721-8250 October 19, 2001

Version with Markings to Show Changes Made

#### DESCRIPTION

# A Human Nuclear Protein having a WW Domain and A Polynucleotide encoding the Protein

5 This application is a 371 of POT/JPOO/08253 Aled November 22, 2000.

#### Technical Field

The present invention relates to a novel protein having a WW domain and existing in human cell nuclei, a polynucleotide encoding this protein, and an antibody against this protein. The protein and antibody of the present invention are useful for diagnosis and therapy of various diseases, and the polynucleotide of the present invention is useful as a probe for genetic diagnosis or as a genetic source for gene therapy. Further, the polynucleotide can be used as a genetic source for large-scale production of the protein of this invention.

#### **Background Art**

20

25

30

15

10

The term "nuclear protein" is a generic name of proteins functioning in cell nucleus. In nucleus there are genomic DNA serving as a plan of organism, and nuclear proteins are involved in replication, transcriptional regulation etc. of these genomic DNA. Typical nuclear proteins whose functions have been revealed include a transcription factor, a splicing factor, an intranuclear receptor, a cell cycle regulator and a tumor suppressor. These factors are closely related not only to life phenomena such as development and differentiation but also to diseases such as cancers (New Medical Science, "Tensha No Shikumi To Shikkan" (Mechanism of Transcription and Diseases) ed. by Masahiro Muramatsu). Accordingly, these nuclear proteins are expected as

#### DESCRIPTION

# A Human Nuclear Protein having a WW Domain and A Polynucleotide encoding the Protein

5

10

#### Technical Field

The present invention relates to a novel protein having a WW domain and existing in human cell nuclei, a polynucleotide encoding this protein, and an antibody against this protein. The protein and antibody of the present invention are useful for diagnosis and therapy of various diseases, and the polynucleotide of the present invention is useful as a probe for genetic diagnosis or as a genetic source for gene therapy. Further, the polynucleotide can be used as a genetic source for large-scale production of the protein of this invention.

### **Background Art**

20

25

30

15

The term "nuclear protein" is a generic name of proteins functioning in cell nucleus. In nucleus there are genomic DNA serving as a plan of organism, and nuclear proteins are involved in replication, transcriptional regulation etc. of these genomic DNA. Typical nuclear proteins whose functions have been revealed include a transcription factor, a splicing factor, an intranuclear receptor, a cell cycle regulator and a tumor suppressor. These factors are closely related not only to life phenomena such as development and differentiation but also to diseases such as cancers (New Medical Science, "Tensha No Shikumi To Shikkan" (Mechanism of Transcription and Diseases) ed. by Masahiro Muramatsu). Accordingly, these nuclear proteins are expected as

10

15

20

target proteins for developing low-molecular pharmaceutical preparations that regulate transcription and translation of specific genes, and it is desired to obtain as many nuclear proteins as possible.

The WW domain belongs to a new family of protein-protein interaction motifs resembling SH2, SH3, PH and PTB domains. It is known that this domain consists of about 40 amino acid residues containing 2 conserved tryptophan residues, and like the SH3 domain, binds to a proline-rich amino acid sequence (H. I. Chen and M. Sudol., Proc. Natl. Sci. 92, 7819-7823, 1995). As a result of X-ray crystallographic analysis of a WW domain/ligand conjugate, it was revealed that the three-dimensional structure of the WW domain is different from that of SH3 (M. J. Macias et al., Nature, 382, 646-649, 1996). Like other protein motifs, the WW domain is contained in the cytoskeleton system (P. Bork and M. Sudol TIBS, 19, 531-533, 1994), in proteins participating in the signal transduction system (H. I. Chen and M. Sudol., Proc. Natl. Sci., 92, 7819-7823, 1995), in a ubiquitin-protein ligase in the protein degradation system (O. Staub et al., EMBO J., 15, 2371-2380, 1996) and in a transcription activator (P. Bork and M. Sudol, TIBS, 19, 531-533, 1994), and is believed to play an important role in the intracellular signal transduction system.

The object of the present invention is to provide a novel protein present in human cell nucleus, a polynucleotide encoding this protein, and an antibody against this nuclear protein.

25

30

#### Disclosure of Invention

To achieve the object described above, the present application provides the following inventions (1) to (7):

- (1) An isolated and purified human nuclear protein comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 5 (2) A polynucleotide encoding the protein of the invention (1), which comprises the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
  - (3) The polynucleotide of the invention (2), consisting of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
  - (4) A human genomic DNA fragment with which a polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO:3 or a partial contiguous sequence thereof hybridizes under stringent conditions.
- 15 (5) An expression vector expressing the polynucleotide of the invention (2) or (3) in *in vitro* translation or in host cells.
- (6) A transformed cell producing the human nuclear protein of the invention (1), which is transformant with the expression vector of the invention20 (5).
  - (7) An antibody against the human nuclear protein of the invention (1).

#### Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

The protein of the invention (1) can be obtained by a method of isolation thereof from human organs, cell lines etc., by a method of preparing the peptide through chemical synthesis on the basis of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or by a method of production thereof by recombinant DNA

10

25

30

technique using the polynucleotide encoding the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1, among which the method with recombinant DNA technique is preferably used. For example, a vector harboring the polynucleotide of the invention (2) or (3) is subjected to *in vitro* transcription to prepare RNA which is then used as a template in *in vitro* translation, whereby the protein can be expressed *in vitro*. Further, by integrating the polynucleotide in a conventional method into a suitable expression vector, the protein encoded by the polynucleotide can be expressed in a large amount in procaryotes such as *E. coli, Bacillus subtilis* etc. or eucaryotes such as yeasts, insect cells and mammalian cells.

To produce the protein of the invention (1) by expressing the DNA through *in vitro* translation, the polynucleotide of the invention (2) or (3) is integrated in a vector harboring an RNA polymerase promoter (the invention (5)) and added the vector to an *in vitro* translation system such as a rabbit reticulocyte lysate or a wheat germ extract containing an RNA polymerase compatible with said promoter, whereby the protein of the invention (1) can be produced *in vitro*. The RNA polymerase promoter includes e.g. T7, T3 and SP6. The vector harboring such RNA polymerase promoter includes e.g. pKA1, pCDM8, pT3/T7 18, pT7/3 19, and pBluescript II.

To produce the protein of the invention (1) by expressing the DNA in microorganisms such as *E. coli*, the polynucleotide of the invention (2) or (3) is integrated in an expression vector harboring an origin capable of replication in microorganisms, a promoter, a ribosome-binding site, a DNA cloning site, a terminator etc. to prepare the expression vector (the invention (5)) which is then used for transformation of host cells, and by culturing the resulting transformant (the invention (6)), the protein encoded by said polynucleotide can be produced in a large amount in the microorganism. If an initiation codon and a termination codon have been added respectively to sites upstream and

15

20

25

30

downstream from an arbitrary translated region in said expression vector, a protein fragment containing the arbitrary region can be obtained by expressing the DNA. Alternatively, it can also be expressed as a fusion protein with another protein. By cleaving this fusion protein with a suitable protease, the part of only the protein encoded by said polynucleotide can be obtained. The expression vector for *E. coli* includes e.g. pUC series vectors, pBluescript II, pET expression system vectors and pGEX expression system vectors.

To produce the protein of the invention (1) by expressing the DNA in eucaryotes, the translated region of the polynucleotide of the invention (2) or (3) is integrated in an eucaryotic expression vector harboring a promoter, a splicing region, a poly(A)-additional site etc. to prepare the expression vector (the invention (5)) which is then used for transforming eucaryotic cells (the invention (6)), whereby the protein of the invention (1) can be produced in the eucaryotic cells. The expression vector includes e.g. pKAI, pCDM8, pSVK3, pMSG, pSVL, pBK-CMV, pBK-RSV, EBV vector, pRS and pYES2. If vectors such as pIND/V5-His, pFLAG-CMV-2, pEGFP-N1 and pEGFP-C1 are used, the protein of the present invention can also be expressed as a fusion protein having various tags such as His tag, FLAG tag and GFP added thereto. As the eucaryotic cells, mammalian cultured cells such as simian renal cells COS7 and Chinese hamster ovary cells CHO, budding yeasts, fission yeasts, silkworm cells and Xenopus oocytes are generally used, but insofar as the protein of the invention (1) can be expressed, any eucaryotic cells can be used. For introducing the expression vector into eucaryotic cells, conventional methods such as the electroporation method, calcium phosphate method, liposome method and DEAE-dextran method can be used.

For isolating and purifying the protein of the invention (1) from a culture after expression of the desired protein in the procaryotic or eucaryotic cells, separation techniques known in the art can be used in combination.

10

15

Such techniques include e.g. treatment with a denaturant such as urea or a surfactant, sonication, enzymatic digestion, salting-out or solvent precipitation, dialysis, centrifugation, ultrafiltration, gel filtration, SDS-PAGE, isoelectric focusing, ion-exchange chromatography, hydrophobic chromatography, affinity chromatography and reverse phase chromatography.

The protein of the invention (1) encompasses peptide fragments (each consisting of 5 or more amino acid residues) containing any partial amino acid sequence from the SEQ ID NO: 1. Such a peptide fragment can be used as an antigen for preparing the antibody of the present invention. Further, the protein of the invention (1) encompasses fusion proteins with another arbitrary protein. For example, fusion proteins with glutathione-S-transferase (GST) or green fluorescent protein (GFP), described in the Examples, can be mentioned.

The polynucleotide (cDNA) of the invention (2) or (3) can be cloned from a cDNA library derived from e.g. human cells. The cDNA is synthesized using poly(A)+RNA as a template extracted from human cells. The human cells may be either cultured cells or cells excised by an operation etc. from the human body. The cDNA can be synthesized by any methods such as the Okayama-Berg method (Okayama, H. and Berg, P., Mol. Cell Biol., 2, 161-170, 1982) and the Gubler-Hoffman method (Gubler, U. and Hoffman, J. Gene, 25, 263-269, 1983), but for efficiently obtaining full-length clones, the Capping method (Kato, S. et al., Gene, 150, 243-250, 1994) described in the Examples is preferably used.

25

30

20

The polynucleotide of the invention (2) comprises the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, and for example, the polynucleotide consisting of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 3 has a 2669-bp nucleotide sequence containing a 2115-bp open reading frame (ORF). This ORF encodes a protein consisting of 704 amino acid residues. The polynucleotide of the invention (3)

10

15

20

comprises the 2115-bp nucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO:2) constituting this ORF. By expressing the cDNA of the invention (2) or (3) in *E. coli* or animal cultured cells, an about 80-kDa protein was obtained. This protein binds to a C-terminal domain of RNA polymerase II, so it is considered to participate in transcriptional regulation.

Since the protein of the invention (1) is expressed in any tissues, the same clone as the polynucleotide of the invention (2) or (3) can be easily obtained from a human cDNA library prepared from human cells by screening the library with an oligonucleotide probe synthesized on the basis of the nucleotide sequence of the polynucleotide set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or 3. Alternatively, the objective cDNA can also be synthesized by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) by use of such oligonucleotides as primers.

Generally, polymorphism of human genes occurs frequently due to individual variations. Accordingly, those polynucleotides where in SEQ ID NO: 2 or 3, one or more nucleotides have been added, deleted and/or substituted with other nucleotides fall under the scope of the invention (3) or (4).

Accordingly, those proteins where in SEQ ID NO: 1, one or more amino acids have been added, deleted and/or substituted with other amino acids as a result of such alterations to nucleotides also fall under the scope of the invention (1) insofar as they have the activity of a protein having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1.

The polynucleotide of the invention (2) or (3) encompasses DNA fragments (10 bp or more) containing any partial nucleotide sequence from the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2 or 3. Further, DNA fragments consisting of a sense or antisense strand thereof fall under the scope of this invention. These DNA

fragments can be used as probes for genetic diagnosis.

25

30

10

15

20

25

30

The invention (4) is concerned with a human genomic DNA fragment with which the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO: 3 or a partial contiguous sequence thereof hybridizes under stringent conditions. As used herein, the stringent conditions are that enables specific and detectable binding between the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO: 3 or a partial contiguous sequence thereof (30 bp or more) and chromosome-derived genomic DNA. The stringent conditions are defined in terms of salt concentration, organic solvent (e.g., formamide), temperature and other known conditions. That is, stringency is increased by a decrease in salt concentration, by an increase in organic solvent concentration, or by an increase in hybridization temperature. For example, the stringent salt concentration is usually about 750 mM or less NaCl and about 75 mM or less trisodium citrate, more preferably about 500 mM or less NaCl and about 50 mM or less trisodium citrate and most preferably about 250 mM or less NaCl and The stringent organic solvent about 25 mM or less trisodium citrate. concentration is about 35 % or more formamide, most preferably about 50 % or more formamide. The stringent temperature condition is about 30 °C or more, more preferably about 37 °C or more and most preferably about 42 °C or more. The other conditions include hybridization time, the concentration of a detergent (e.g. SDS), the presence or absence of carrier DNA, etc., and by combining these conditions, varying stringency can be established. Further, the conditions for washing after hybridization also affects stringency. washing conditions are also defined in terms of salt concentration and temperature, and the stringency of washing is increased by a decrease in salt concentration or by an increase in temperature. For example, the stringent salt condition for washing is about 30 mM or less NaCl and about 3 mM or less trisodium citrate, most preferably about 15 mM or less NaCl and about 1.5 mM or less trisodium citrate. The stringent temperature condition for washing is about 25 °C or more, more preferably about 42 °C or more and most preferably about 68 °C or more. The genomic DNA fragment of the invention (4) can be isolated for example by subjecting a genome library prepared from human chromosomal DNA to screening by the above stringent hybridization with said polynucleotide as a probe and subsequent washing.

The genomic DNA fragment of the invention (4) comprises expression-regulating regions (promoter/enhancer and suppressor sequences, etc.) for the region coding for the protein of the invention (1). These expression-regulating regions are useful as a material for screening a material regulating *in vivo* expression of the protein of the invention (1).

10

15

20

5

The antibody of the invention (7) can be obtained from serum in an animal immunized with the protein of the invention (1) as an antigen. The antigen used may be a peptide chemically synthesized on the basis of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 or the protein expressed in the eucaryotic or procaryotic cells. Alternatively, the antibody can be prepared by introducing the above-described expression vector for eucaryotic cells through an injection or a gene gun into animal muscles or skin and then collecting serum (e.g., an invention in JP-7-313187A). As the animal, a mouse, rat, rabbit, goat, chicken or the like is used. If a hybridoma is produced by fusing myeloma cells with B cells collected from the spleen in the immunized animal, a monoclonal antibody against the protein of the invention (1) can be produced by the hybridoma.

#### Examples

25

30

The present invention will be described in more detail by reference to the Examples, which however are not intended to limit the scope of the present invention. Basic procedures for DNA recombination and enzymatic reaction were in accordance with those described in a literature (Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1989). Unless otherwise

specified, the restriction enzymes and various modifying enzymes used were products of Takara Shuzo Co., Ltd. The buffer composition in each enzymatic reaction, as well as reaction conditions, was followed instructions attached to the kits. Synthesis of cDNA was conducted according to a literature (Kato, S. et al., Gene, 150, 243-250, 1994).

## (i) cDNA cloning

As a result of large-scale determination of the nucleotide sequences of cDNA clones selected from a human full-length cDNA library (described in WO97/03190), clone HP03494 was obtained. This clone had a structure made of a 291-bp 5'-untranslated region, a 2115-bp ORF and a 263-bp 3'-untranslated region (SEQ ID NO: 3). The ORF encodes a protein consisting of 704 amino acid residues.

Using the amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 1) of this protein, a protein database was searched, but none of known proteins had homology to this protein. Further examination of GenBank by using the nucleotide sequence of its cDNA indicated that some ESTs (e.g. Accession No. A1758365) have 90 % or more homology thereto, but they are partial sequences, so whether or not they code for the same protein as the protein of this invention cannot be judged.

Examination of motif sequences indicated that as shown in Table 1, the region of from the 43- to 78-positions has homology to WW domains. Tryptophan residues at the 49- and 72-positions and a proline residue at the 75-position are amino acid residues conserved in every known WW domain.

20

15

5

10

10

15

Table 1

Protein	Position	Amino Acid Sequence	Accession No.		
Conserved Sequence		WGYY_N W_P			
HP03494	43	ELVHAGWEKCWSRRENRPYYFNRFTNOSLWEMPVLGQHD	)		
Npw38	46	EGLPPSWYKVFDPSCGLPYYWNADTDLVSWLSPHDPNSV	/ BAA76400		
Yap_Human	171	VPLPAGWEMAKTSS, GORYFLNHIDOTTTWODPRKAMLS	P46937		
Yap_Chick-1	169	VPLPPGWEMAKTPS. GQRYFLNH I DQTTTWQDPRKAMLS	P46936		
Yap_Mouse-1	156	VPLPAGWEMAKTSS. GORYFLNHNDOTTTWODPRKAMLS	P46938		
Ned4_Mouse-1	40	SPLPPGWEERQDVL. GRTYYVNHESRRTQWKRPSPDDDL	P46935		
Ned4_Human-1	218	SPLPPGWEERQDIL. GRTYYVNHESRRTQWKRPTPQDNL	P46934		
Ned4_Mouse-2	196	SGLPPGWEEKQDOR. GRSYYVDHNSKTTTWSKPTMQDDF	P46935		
Ned4_Human-2	375	SGLPPGWEEKQDER. GRSYYVDHNSRTTTWTKPTVQAT\	/ P46934		
Dmd_Human	3055	TSVOGPWERALSPN. KVPYY INHETOTTCWDHPKMTELY	P11532		
Dmd_Mouse	3048	TSVQGPWERAISPN, KVPYYINHETQTTCWDHPKMTELY	′ P11531		
FE65_Rat	42	SDLPAGWMRVQDTS. GTYYWHI. PTGTTQWEPPGRASPS	P46933		
Msb1/Human	249	INLPPNWKTARDPE. GKIYYYHVITRQTQWDPPTWESPG	à		
IQGA_Human	679	GDNNSKWVKHWVKG. GYYYYHNLETQEGGWDEPPNFVQN	N P46940		
FBP11-1_Mouse	1	WTEHKSPD. GRTYYYNTETKQSTWEKPDDLKTF	U40747		
FBP11-2 Mouse	36	LLSKCPWKTYKSDS. GKPYYYNSQTKESRWAKP	U40747		

#### (ii) Northern blotting

Multi tissue Northern Blot (Clontech) having human tissue poly(A)+RNA blotted thereon was used as an mRNA source. As the probe, an *EcoRI-NotI* fragment of full-length HP03494 cDNA, labeled with a radioisotope by a random primer labeling kit (Pharmacia), was used. The conditions for Northern blotting hybridization followed the protocol attached to the kit. An about 3-kb hybridization band was obtained from the heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas, spleen, thymus, prostate, testicle, ovary, small intestine, colon and peripheral blood, suggesting that this protein is a housekeeping one.

### (iii) Protein synthesis by in vitro translation

A plasmid vector harboring the polynucleotide (cDNA) of this invention was used to perform *in vitro* transcription/translation by a T<sub>N</sub>T rabbit reticulocyte lysate kit (a product of Promega). The expression product was

labeled with a radioisotope by adding [35S] methionine. Any reaction was conducted according to the protocol attached to the kit. 2 µg of the plasmid was reacted at 30 °C for 90 minutes in a 25 µl reaction solution containing 12.5 µl T<sub>N</sub>T rabbit reticulocyte lysate, 0.5 µl buffer (attached to the kit), 2 µl amino acid mixture (not containing methionine), 2 µl (0.35 MBq/µl) of [35S] methionine (Amersham), 0.5 µl of T7 RNA polymerase and 20 U of RNasin. Then, 2 µl SDS sampling buffer (125 mM Tris-HCl, pH 6.8, 120 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, 2 % SDS solution, 0.025 % bromophenol blue, 20 % glycerol) was added to 3 µl of the reaction solution, and the mixture was treated by heating at 95 °C for 3 minutes and subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. By autoradiography, the molecular weight of the translated product was determined. As a result, the translation product, which had a molecular weight of 80 kDa almost similar to the molecular weight (80,618) deduced from the ORF, was formed.

(iv) Expression of GST fusion protein in E. coli

The translated region was amplified by PCR where pHP03494 was used as a template while a 26-mer sense primer (SEQ ID NO: 4) starting at a translation initiation codon and having an *Eco*RI recognition site added thereto and a 26-mer antisense primer (SEQ ID NO: 5) terminating at a termination codon having a *Sal*I recognition site added thereto were used respectively as primers. The PCR product was digested with restriction enzyme *Eco*RI and inserted into *Eco*RI site in vector pGEX-5X-1 (Pharmacia). After its nucleotide sequence was confirmed, the resulting plasmid was used for transforming *E. coli* BL21. The transformant was cultured at 37 °C for 5 hours in LB medium, and IPTG was added thereto at a final concentration of 0.4 mM, followed by culturing at 37 °C for 2.5 hours. The microorganism was separated by centrifugation and lysed in a lysing solution (50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 1 mM EDTA-1 % Triton X-100, 0.2 % SDS, 0.2 mM PMSF), frozen once at -80 °C, thawed, and disrupted by sonication. After centrifugation at 1000 x g for 30

10

15

20

25

30

minutes, glutathione Sepharose 4B was added to the supernatant and incubated at 4 °C for 1 hour. After the beads were sufficiently washed, a fusion protein was eluted with an eluent (10 mM Tris-50 mM glutathione). As a result, a GST-HP03494 fusion protein having a molecular weight of about 110 kDa was obtained.

### (v) Preparation of antibody

Domestic rabbits were immunized with the above fusion protein as the antigen to give antiserum. First, an antiserum fraction precipitating by 40 % saturation with ammonium sulfate was applied onto a GST affinity column to remove GST antibody. Then, the unadsorbed fraction was purified by a GST-HP03494-antigen column.

#### (vi) Western blotting

A lysate of human fibrosarcoma cell line HT-1080 was separated by SDS-PAGE, blotted onto a PVDF membrane, blocked for 1 hour at room temperature with 0.05 % Tween 20-PBS (TPBS) containing 5 % skim milk, and incubated with the antibody diluted 10,000-fold with TPBS. The sample was washed 3 times with TPBS and then incubated for 1 hour with horseradish peroxidase-labeled goat anti-rabbit IgG diluted 10,000-fold with TPBS. The sample was washed four times with TPBS and detected by luminescence with an ECL reagent (Amersham), to give a signal with a molecular weight of 80 kDa. This molecular weight agreed with the molecular weight of the *in vitro* translated protein product in the rabbit cell-free translation system.

## (vii) Expression of GFP fusion protein

The translated region was amplified by PCR where pHP03494 was used as a template while a 26-mer sense primer (SEQ ID NO: 4) starting at a translation initiation codon having an *Eco*RI recognition site added thereto and a 26-mer antisense primer (SEQ ID NO: 5) terminating at a termination codon

having a Sall recognition site added thereto were used respectively as primers. The PCR product was digested with restriction enzymes EcoRI and Sall and inserted into EcoRI site in GFP fusion protein expression vector pEGFP-C2 (Clontech). After the nucleotide sequence was confirmed, HeLa cells were transfected by the lipofection method with the resulting plasmid pEGFP-C2-HP03494. Under a fluorescence microscope, the cells transfected with pEGFP-C2 showed fluorescence on the whole of the cells, whereas the cells transfected with pEGFP-C2-HP03494 showed fluorescence on their nuclei only. This result indicated that HP03494 is a protein present in nucleus.

10

15

20

5

# (viii) Binding to a C-terminal domain (CTD) of RNA polymerase II

The translated region coding for WW domain was amplified by PCR where pHP03494 was used as a template while a 33-mer sense primer (SEQ ID NO: 6) starting at a translation initiation codon with a BamHI recognition site added thereto and a 33-mer antisense primer (SEQ ID NO: 7) terminating at a termination codon with an EcoRI recognition site added thereto were used The PCR product was digested with restriction respectively as primers. enzymes BamHI and EcoRI and then inserted into BamHI-EcoRI sites in vector pGEX-5X-1 (Pharmacia). The resulting plasmid was subjected to expression in E. coli in the same manner as in (iv), to give a fusion protein GST-HP03494WW consisting of GST and HP03494 WW domain, and this fusion protein was separated by SDS-PAGE, then transferred onto a PVDF membrane, incubated with 32P-labeled GST-CTD or 32P-labeled GST-pCTD (GST-phosphorylated CTD) phosphorylated depending on a nuclear extract (Hirose, Y and Manley, J. L., Nature, 395, 93-96, 1998), and detected by the Far Western method (Kaelin, Jr. et al., Cell, 70, 351-364, 1992). It was revealed that the WW domain on HP03494 binds more strongly to phosphorylated CTD. This result suggested that the protein of this invention is involved in regulating transcription.

25

10

# **Industrial Applicability**

This invention provides an isolated and purified human nuclear protein existing in human cell nucleus, a polynucleotide (human cDNA and genomic DNA fragment) encoding this protein, and an antibody against this nuclear protein. The protein and antibody of this invention are useful for diagnosis and therapy of morbid states such as cancers. By use of the present polynucleotide, the present protein can be expressed in a large amount. By screening a low-molecular compound binding to the present protein, a new type of pharmaceutical preparation such as antitumor agent can be searched for.

#### **CLAIMS**

1. An isolated and purified human nuclear protein comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1.

5

- 2. A polynucleotide encoding the protein of claim 1, which comprises the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 3. The polynucleotide of claim 2, consisting of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
  - 4. A human genomic DNA fragment with which a polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO:3 or a partial contiguous sequence thereof hybridizes under stringent conditions.

15

- 5. An expression vector expressing the polynucleotide of claim 2 or 3 in *in vitro* translation or in host cells.
- 6. A transformed cell producing the human nuclear protein of claim 1, which is transformants with the expression vector of claim 5.
  - 7. An antibody against the human nuclear protein of claim 1.

# DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR U.S. PATENT APPLICATION

(X) Original () Supplemental () Substitute (X) PCT () DESIGN

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that: my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; that I verily believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural inventors are named below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

invention entitled:	
Title: <u>A HUMAN NUCLEAR PROTEIN HAVING A W</u>	VW DOMAIN AND A POLYNUCLEOTIDE ENCODING THE PROTEIN
of which is described and claimed in:	
() the attached specification, or	
(X) the specification in application Serial No, or	, filed July 20, 2001, and with amendments through
	CT/JP00/08253, filed November 22, 2000, and as amended on
I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the c by any amendment(s) referred to above.	ontent of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended
I acknowledge my duty to disclose to the Patent and Tradefined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56	ademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as
I hereby claim priority benefits under Title 35, Unite	d States Code, \$119 (and \$172 if this application is for a Design) of any below and have also identified below any application for patent or inventor's

COUNTRY	APPLICATION NO.	DATE OF FILING	PRIORITY CLAIMED
Japan	1999-332572	November 24, 1999	Yes

certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

APPLICATION SERIAL NO.	U.S. FILING DATE	STATUS: PATENTED, PENDING, ABANDONED

And I hereby appoint Michael R. Davis, Reg. No. 25,134; Matthew M. Jacob, Reg. No. 25,154; Warren M. Cheek, Jr., Reg. No. 33,367; Nils Pedersen, Reg. No. 33,145; Charles R. Watts, Reg. No. 33,142; and Michael S. Huppert, Reg. No. 40,268, who together constitute the firm of WENDEROTH, LIND & PONACK, L.L.P., as well as any other attorneys and agents associated with Customer No. 000513, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

I hereby authorize the U.S. attorneys and agents named herein to accept and follow instructions from NISHIZAWA & ASSOCIATES as to any action to be taken in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office regarding this application without direct communication between the U.S. attorneys and myself. In the event of a change in the persons from whom instructions may be taken, the U.S. attorneys named herein will be so notified by me.



000513

PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE

Direct Telephone Calls to:

WENDEROTH, LIND & PONACK, L.L.P. 2033 "K" Street, N.W., Suite 800 Washington, D.C. 20006-1021

Phone:(202) 721-8200 Fax·(202) 721-8250

Full Name of First Inventor	FAMILY NAME KATO	FIRST GIVEN NAME Seishi	SECOND GIVEN NAME
Residence & Citizenship	city Kanagawa	state or country  Japan P	country of citizenship  Japan
Post Office Address	Address 46-50, Wakama	tsu 3-chome, Sagamih	state or country zip code ara-shi, Kanagawa, Japan
Full Name of Second Inventor	FAMILY NAME KOMURO	first given name Akihiko	SECOND GIVEN NAME
Residence & Citizenship	спу Kanagawa	state or country  Japan TPA	country of citizenship Japan
Post Office Address	Address 2759-2, Kamits	сту uruma, Sagamihara-sh	state or country zip code i, Kanagawa, Japan
Full Name of Third Inventor	FAMILY NAME HIROSE	first givenname Yutaka	SECOND GIVEN NAME
Residence & Citizenship	cırv İshikawa	STATE OR COUNTRY  Japan JOK	country of citizenship  Japan
Post Office Address	D-8 Wakunami Japan	city -shukusha, 7-10, Waki	state or country zip code unami 2-chome, Kanazawa-shi, Ishikawa,
Full Name of Fourth Inventor	FAMILY NAME	FIRST GIVEN NAME	SECOND GIVEN NAME
Residence & Citizenship	СІТУ	STATE OR COUNTRY	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
Post Office Address	ADDRESS	СІТУ	STATE OR COUNTRY ZIP CODE
Full Name of Fifth Inventor	FAMILY NAME	FIRST GIVEN NAME	SECOND GIVEN NAME
Residence & Citizenship	СПУ	STATE OR COUNTRY	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
Post Office Address	ADDRESS	СІТУ	STATE OR COUNTRY ZIP CODE
Full Name of Sixth Inventor	FAMILY NAME	FIRST GIVEN NAME	SECOND GIVEN NAME

Residence & Citizenship	CITY	STATE OR COUNTRY	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
Post Office Address	ADDRESS	CITY	STATE OR COUNTRY ZIP CODE

I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true, and that all statements on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

1st Inventor Seishi Keto	Date _	August 28, 2001
Seishi KATO 2nd Inventor	Date	August 28, 2001
Akihiko KOMURO Linsen		August 28, 2001
Yutaka HIROSE 4th Inventor	Date	
5th Inventor	Date _	
6th Inventor	Date _	

The above application may be more particularly identified as follows:

U.S. Application Serial No. Filing Date July 20, 2001

Applicant Reference Number 00-F-061PCT-US/YS Atty Docket No. 2001 1023A

Title of Invention A HUMAN NUCLEAR PROTEIN HAVING A WW DOMAIN AND A POLYNUCLEOTIDE ENCODING THE PROTEIN

# SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> Japan Science and Technology Corporation

<120> Human nucleoprotein having a WW domain and a polynucleotide encoding the protein

<130> 00-F-061PCT

<140> PCT/JP00/08253

<141> 2000-11-22

<150> JP11-332572

<151> 1999-11-24

<160> 7

<170> Patentin Ver. 2.0

⟨210⟩ 1

<211> 704

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

**<400> 1** 

Met Ala Asn Glu Asn His Gly Ser Pro Arg Glu Glu Ala Ser Leu Leu

1

5

10

15

Ser His Ser Pro Gly Thr Ser Asn Gln Ser Gln Pro Cys Ser Pro Lys

20

25

30

Pro lle Arg Leu Val Gln Asp Leu Pro Glu Glu Leu Val His Ala Gly

		35					40					45			
Γrp	Glu	Lys	Cys	Trp	Ser	Arg	Arg	Glu	Asn	Arg	Pro	Tyr	Tyr	Phe	Asn
	50					55					60				
Arg	Phe	Thr	Asn	Gln	Ser	Leu	Trp	Glu	Met	Pro	Val	Leu	Gly	Gln	His
65					70					75					80
Asp	Val	He	Ser	Asp	Pro	Leu	Gly	Leu	Asn	Ala	Thr	Pro	Leu	Pro	Gln
				85	ē				90					95	
Asp	Ser	Ser	Leu	Val	Glu	Thr	Pro	Pro	Ala	Glu	Asn	Lys	Pro	Arg	Lys
			100					105					110		
Arg	Gln	Leu	Ser	Glu	Glu	Gln	Pro	Ser	Gly	Asn	Gly	Val	Lys	Lys	Pro
		115	į				120					125			
Lys	lle	Glu	ılle	Pro	Val	Thr	Pro	Thr	Gly	Gln	Ser	Val	Pro	Ser	Ser
	130					135					140				
Pro	Ser	lle	e Pro	Gly	Thr	Pro	Thr	Leu	Lys	Met	Trp	Gly	Thr	Ser	Pro
145	j				150	)				155	i				160
Gli	ı Asp	Lys	s Glr	Gln	Ala	Ala	Leu	Leu	Are	g Pro	Thr	Glu	Val		
				165					170					175	
Ası	Let	ı Ası	p IIe	e Glr	1 Thi	Asr	n Ala	a Val	116	e Ly:	s His	Arg			Ser
			180					185					190		
Gl	u Va	l Le	u Pre	o Pro	o His	s Pro	o Glu	ı Val	Gli	u Lei	u Lei			Glr	ı Leu
		19					200					205			
11	e Le	u Ly	s Le	u Arı	g Gli			r Ar	g Gl	u Le			ı Gir	ı Arg	g Glu
	21					21					22			0.1	
G١	y II	e GI	u Pr	o Pr			u Se	r Ph	e As			p Me	t Lei	ı Gli	u Arg
22					23					23		•		0	240
Ly	s Va	l Va	l As			у Se	r As	p Pr			u Pr	o Se	r Asi		s Glu
				24					25				1 -	25	
Pr	o Va	I Va			o Se	r Me	t Ph	e Ar 26		u II	e Me	t AS	n Ası 27		e Pro
			26	. (1				ソカ	7				7.1	U	

lle	Arg	Leu	Ser	Arg	lle	Lys	Phe	Arg	Glu	Glu	Ala	Lys	Arg	Leu	Leu
		275					280					285			
Phe	Lys	Tyr	Ala	Glu	Ala	Ala	Arg	Arg	Leu	He	Glu	Ser	Arg	Ser	Ala
	290					295					300				
Ser	Pro	Asp	Ser	Arg	Lys	Val	Val	Lys	Trp	Asn	Val	Glu	Asp	Thr	Phe
305					310					315					320
Ser	Trp	Leu	Arg	Lys	Asp	His	Ser	Ala	Ser	Lys	Glu	Asp	Tyr	Met	Asp
				325					330					335	
Arg	Leu	Glu	His	Leu	Arg	Arg	Gln	Cys	Gly	Pro	His	Val	Ser	Ala	Ala
			340					345					350		
Ala	Lys	Asp	Ser	Val	Glu	Gly	He	Cys	Ser	Lys	He	Tyr	His	He	Ser
		355					360					365			
Leu	Glu	Tyr	Val	Lys	Arg	lle	Arg	Glu	Lys	His	Leu	Ala	He	Leu	Lys
	370					375					380				
Glu	Asn	Asn	lle	Ser	Glu	Glu	Val	Glu	Ala	Pro	Glu	Va!	Glu	Pro	Arg
385					390					395					400
Leu	Val	Tyr	Cys	Tyr	Pro	Val	Arg	Leu		Val	Ser	Ala	Pro		Met
				405					410					415	
Pro	Ser	Val		Met	His	Met	Glu		Asn	Val	Val	Cys		Arg	Tyr
			420					425					430		
Lys	Gly		Met	Val	Lys	Val		Arg	Asn	Tyr	Phe		Ĺys	Leu	Trp
		435					440					445			
Leu		Tyr	Arg	Tyr	Ser			Asp	Asp	Ser		Phe	Glu	Arg	Phe
	450			_		455			•	_	460			<b>5</b> 1	0.1
	Pro	Arg	Val	irp			Leu	Arg	Arg			Met	Met	Phe	Gly
465	<b>0</b> .1	•	_		470			•		475					480
val	Gly	Leu	lyr		Gly	ihr	Gly	Leu			Ser	Leu	۲ro		His
	<b>5</b> .	٥.		485					490		•	D.	0.	495	ъ.
Val	Phe	Glu	Ala	Leu	His	Arg	Leu	Phe	Gly	Val	Ser	Phe	Glu	Cys	Phe

			500					505					510		
Ala	Ser	Pro	Leu	Asn	Cys	Tyr	Phe	Arg	Gln	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Ala	Phe	Pro
		515					520					525			
Asp	Thr	Asp	Gly	Tyr	Phe	Gly	Ser	Arg	Gly	Pro	Cys	Leu	Asp	Phe	Ala
	530					535					540				
Pro	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ser	Phe	Glu	Ala	Asn	Pro	Pro	Phe	Cys	Glu	Glu	Leu
545					550					555					560
Met	Asp	Ala	Met	Val	Ser	His	Phe	Glu	Arg	Leu	Leu	Glu	Ser	Ser	Pro
				565					570					575	
Glu	Pro	Leu	Ser	Phe	He	Val	Phe	lle	Pro	Glu	Trp	Arg	Glu	Pro	Pro
			580					585					590		
Thr	Pro	Ala	Leu	Thr	Arg	Met	Glu	Gin	Ser	Arg	Phe	Lys	Arg	His	Gin
		595					600					605			
Leu	He	Leu	Pro	Ala	Phe	Glu	His	Glu	Tyr	Arg	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gin	His
	610					615					620				
He	Cys	Lys	Lys	Glu	Glu	Met	His	Tyr	Lys	Ala	Val	His	Asn	Thr	Ala
625					630					635					640
Val	Leu	Phe	Leu	GIn	Asn	Asp	Pro	Gly	Phe	Ala	Lys	Trp	Ala	Pro	Thr
				645					650					655	
Pro	Glu	Arg	Leu	Gln	Glu	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Arg	Gln	Ser	Gly	Arg
			660					665					670		
Ser	His	Ser	Ser	Gly	Ser	Glu	Ala	Lys	Asp						
		675					680					685			
Arg	Asp	Ser	Gly	Arg	Glu	Gln	Gly	Pro	Ser	Arg	Glu	Pro	His	Pro	Thr
	690					695					700				

<210> 2

<211> 2112

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 2

atggccaatg agaatcacgg cagcccccgg gaggaagcgt ccctgctgag tcactcccca 60 ggtacctcca atcagagcca gccctgttct ccaaagccaa tccgcctggt tcaggacctc 120 ccagaggagc tggtgcatgc aggctgggag aagtgctgga gccggaggga gaatcgtccc 180 tactactica accepticac caaccagtic ctgtgggaga tgcccgtgct ggggcagcac 240 gatgtgattt cggacccttt ggggctgaat gcgaccccac tgccccaaga ctcaagcttg 300 gtggaaactc ccccggctga gaacaagccc agaaagcggc agctctcgga agagcagcca 360 agcggcaatg gtgtgaagaa gcccaagatt gaaatcccag tgacacccac aggccagtcg 420 gtgcccagct cccccagtat cccaggaacc ccaacgctga agatgtgggg tacgtccct 480 gaagataaac agcaggcagc tctcctacga cccactgagg tctactggga cctggacatc 540 cagaccaatg ctgtcatcaa gcaccggggg ccttcagagg tgctgcccc gcatcccgaa 600 gtggaactgc tccgctctca gctcatcctg aagcttcggc agcactatcg ggagctgtgc 660 cagcagcgag agggcattga gcctccacgg gagtctttca accgctggat gctggagcgc 720 aaggtggtag acaaaggatc tgacccctg ttgcccagca actgtgaacc agtcgtgtca 780 ccttccatgt ttcgtgaaat catgaacgac attcctatca ggttatcccg aatcaagttc 840 cgggaggaag ccaagcgcct gctctttaaa tatgcggagg ccgccaggcg gctcatcgag 900 tccaggagtg catccctga cagtaggaag gtggtcaaat ggaatgtgga agacaccttt 960 agctggcttc ggaaggacca ctcagcctcc aaggaggact acatggatcg cctggagcat 1020 ctgcggaggc agtgtggccc ccacgtctcg gccgcagcca aggactccgt ggaaggcatc 1080 tgcagtaaga tctaccacat ctccctggag tacgtcaaac ggatccgaga gaagcacctt 1140 gccatcctca aggaaaacaa catctcagag gaggtggagg cccctgaggt ggagcccgc 1200 ctagtgtact gctacccagt ccggctggct gtgtctgcac cgcccatgcc cagcgtggag 1260 atgcacatgg agaacaacgt ggtctgcatc cggtataagg gagagatggt caaggtcagc 1320 cgcaactact tcagcaagct gtggctcctt taccgctaca gctgcattga tgactctgcc 1380 tttgagaggt tcctgcccg ggtctggtgt cttctccgac ggtaccagat gatgttcggc 1440 gtgggcctct acgaggggac tggcctgcag ggatcgctgc ctgtgcatgt ctttgaggcc 1500 ctccaccgac tctttggcgt cagcttcgag tgcttcgcct cacccctcaa ctgctacttc 1560
cgccagtact gttctgcctt ccccgacaca gacggctact ttggctcccg cgggccctgc 1620
ctagactttg ctccactgag tggttcattt gaggccaacc ctcccttctg cgaggagctc 1680
atggatgcca tggtctctca ctttgagaga ctgcttgaga gctcaccgga gcccctgtcc 1740
ttcatcgtgt tcatccctga gtggcgggaa cccccaacac cagcgctcac ccgcatggag 1800
cagaggcgct tcaaacgcca ccagttgatc ctgcctgcct ttgagcatga gtaccgcagt 1860
ggctcccagc acatctgcaa gaaggaggaa atgcactaca aggccgtcca caacacggct 1920
gtgctcttcc tacagaacga ccctggcttt gccaagtggg cgccgacgcc tgaacggctg 1980
caggagctga gtgctgccta ccggcagtca ggccgcagcc acagctctgg ttcttcctca 2040
tcgtcctcct cggaggccaa ggaccggac tcgggccgtg agcaggtcc tagccgcag 2100
cctcacccca ct 2112

⟨210⟩ 3

<211> 2669

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> CDS

<222> (292).. (2406)

<400> 3

acacaagatg gcggcagcgg cgctggggas ggcgaggcgg aggcggcaaa acgggcggtc 60 gagcagaacg tgtagccgcg tcccctccag tccgctccgg gcagctgctg atgcaaggaa 120 tcccctgggc tcccgtcac tccactgctg accagcccat tcgcctgtgc tgagtcttcc 180 tgcaggcctt tccttgcctc tgtgggaccc tgtgggggtc catccggctg gagaagaaaa 240 gcctctcatg ctaacgttgc agaccccaga gggtcctgtg tgggtgtgga g atg gcc 297

Met Ala

														į		
aat	gag	aat	cac	ggc	agc	ccc	cgg	gag	gaa	gcg	tcc	ctg	ctg	agt	cac	345
Asn	Glu	Asn	His	Gly	Ser	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Ala	Ser	Leu	Leu	Ser	His	
		5					10					15				
tcc	cca	ggt	acc	tcc	aat	cag	agc	cag	ccc	tgt	tct	cca	aag	cca	atc	393
Ser	Pro	Gly	Thr	Ser	Asn	Gln	Ser	Gin	Pro	Cys	Ser	Pro	Lys	Pro	He	
	20				•	25					30					
cgc	ctg	gtt	cag	gac	ctc	cca	gag	gag	ctg	gtg	cat	gca	ggc	tgg	gag	441
Arg	Leu	Val	Gln	Asp	Leu	Pro	Glu	Glu	Leu	Val	His	Ala	Gly	Trp	Glu	
35					40					45					50	
aag	tgc	tgg	agc	cgg	agg	gag	aat	cgt	ccc	tac	tac	ttc	aac	cga	ttc	489
Lys	Cys	Trp	Ser	Arg	Arg	Glu	Asn	Arg	Pro	Tyr	Tyr	Phe	Asn	Arg	Phe	
				55					60					65		
acc	aac	cag	tcc	ctg	tgg	gag	atg	ccc	gtg	ctg	ggg	cag	cac	gat	gtg	537
Thr	Asn	Gln	Ser	Leu	Trp	Glu	Met	Pro	Val	Leu	Gly	Gln	His	Asp	Val	
			70					75					80			
att	tcg	gac	cct	ttg	ggg	ctg	aat	gcg	acc	cca	ctg	ccc	caa	gac	tca	585
lle	Ser	Asp	Pro	Leu	Gly	Leu	Asn	Ala	Thr	Pro	Leu	Pro	Gln	Asp	Ser	
		85					90					95				
agc	ttg	gtg	gaa	act	CCC	ccg	gct	gag	aac	aag	CCC	aga	aag	cgg	cag	633
Ser	Leu	Val	Glu	Thr	Pro	Pro	Ala	Glu	Asn	Lys	Pro	Arg	Lys	Arg	GIn	
	100					105					110					
				cag												681
Leu	Ser	Glu	Glu	Gin	Pro	Ser	Gly	Asn	Gly		Lys	Lys	Pro	Lys		
115					120					125					130	
				aca												729
Glu	lle	Pro	Val	Thr		Thr	Gly	Gin			Pro	Ser	Ser			
				135					140					145		
atc	cca	gga	acc	cca	acg	ctg	aag	atg	tgg	ggt	acg	tcc	cct	gaa	gat	777

lle	Pro	Gly	Thr	Pro	Thr	Leu	Lys	Met	Trp	Gly	Thr	Ser	Pro	Glu	As	sp.	
			150					155					160				
aaa	cag	cag	gca	gct	ctc	cta	cga	ccc	act	gag	gtc	tac	tgg	gac	C	tg	825
Lys	Gln	GIn	Ala	Ala	Leu	Leu	Arg	Pro	Thr	Glu	Val	Tyr	Trp	Asp	L	eu	
		165					170					175					
gac	atc	cag	acc	aat	gct	gtc	atc	aag	cac	cgg	ggg	cct	tca	gag	g	tg	873
Asp	lle	Gin	Thr	Asn	Ala	Val	lle	Lys	His	Arg	Gly	Pro	Ser	Glu	٧	al	
	180					185					190						
ctg	ccc	ccg	cat	ccc	gaa	gtg	gaa	ctg	ctc	cgc	tct	cag	ctc	ato	C	tg	921
Leu	Pro	Pro	His	Pro	Glu	Val	Glu	Leu	Leu	Arg	Ser	GIn	Leu	116	e L	.eu	
195					200					205					2	110	
								ctg									969
Lys	Leu	Are	g Glr	ı His	Tyr	Arg	Glu	Leu	Cys	Gln	Gin	Arg	Glu	ı Gl	y l	le	
				215	5				220					22	5		
								cgc									1017
Glu	ı Pro	Pro	o Ar	g Glu	ı Ser	r Phe	e Asr	1 Arg	Trp	Met	Leu	Glu			s \	/al	
			23					235					240				
								g ttg									1065
۷a	l Ası	p Ly	s Gl	y Se	r Ası	p Pro	o Lei	u Lei	ı Pro	Sei	r Asr			u Pr	0	Val	
		24					25					255					
								a ato									1113
Va	l Se	r Pr	o Se	r Me	t Ph	e Ar	g Gl	u II	e Me	t Ası			e Pr	0 11	е	Arg	
	26					26					27						1101
								g ga									1161
Le	u Se	r Ar	g	e Ly	's Ph	ie Ar	g GI	u Gl	u Al			g Le	u Le	u Pl	ne		
27					28					28						290	4000
								c at									1209
Ту	r Al	a G	lu Al	la Al	a Ar	g Ar	g Le	eu II			r Ar	g Se	r Al			Pro	
				29	15				30	0				3	05		

gac	agt	agg	aag	gtg	gtc	aaa	tgg	aat	gtg	gaa	gac	acc	ttt	agc	tgg	1257
Asp	Ser	Arg	Lys	Val	Val	Lys	Trp	Asn	Val	Glu	Asp	Thr	Phe	Ser	Trp	
			310					315					320			
ctt	cgg	aag	gac	cac	tca	gcc	tcc	aag	gag	gac	tac	atg	gat	cgc	ctg	1305
Leu	Arg	Lys	Asp	His	Ser	Ala	Ser	Lys	Glu	Asp	Tyr	Met	Asp	Arg	Leu	
		325					330					335				
gag	cat	ctg	cgg	agg	cag	tgt	ggc	ccc	cac	gtc	tcg	gcc	gca	gcc	aag	1353
Glu	His	Leu	Arg	Arg	Gln	Cys	Gly	Pro	His	Val	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ala	Lys	
	340					345					350					
gac	tcc	gtg	gaa	ggc	atc	tgc	agt	aag	atc	tac	cac	atc	tcc	ctg	gag	1401
Asp	Ser	Val	Glu	Gly	lle	Cys	Ser	Lys	He	Tyr	His	He	Ser	Leu	Glu	
355					360					365					370	
tac	gtc	aaa	cgg	atc	cga	gag	aag	cac	ctt	gcc	atc	ctc	aag	gaa	aac	1449
Tyr	Val	Lys	Arg	lle	Arg	Glu	Lys	His	Leu	Ala	lle	Leu	Lys	Glu	Asn	
				375					380					385		
aac	atc	tca	gag	gag	gtg	gag	gcc	cct	gag	gtg	gag	ccc	cgc	cta	gtg	1497
Asn	lle	Ser	Glu	Glu	Val	Glu	Ala	Pro	Glu	Val	Glu	Pro	Arg	Leu	Val	
			390					395					400			
tac	tgc	tac	cca	gtc	cgg	ctg	gct	gtg	tct	gca	ccg	ccc	atg	ccc	agc	1545
Tyr	Cys	Tyr	Pro	Val	Arg	Leu	Ala	Val	Ser	Ala	Pro	Pro	Met	Pro	Ser	
		405					410					415				
gtg	gag	atg	cac	atg	gag	aac	aac	gtg	gtc	tgc	atc	cgg	tat	aag	gga	1593
Val	Glu	Met	His	Met	Glu	Asn	Asn	Va!	Val	Cys	ile	Arg	Tyr	Lys	Gly	
	420					425					430					
gag	atg	gtc	aag	gtc	agc	cgc	aac	tac	ttc	agc	aag	ctg	tgg	ctc	ctt	1641
Glu	Met	Val	Lys	Val	Ser	Arg	Asn	Tyr	Phe	Ser	Lys	Leu	Trp	Leu	Leu	
435					440					445					450	
tac	cgc	tac	agc	tgc	att	gat	gac	tct	gcc	ttt	gag	agg	ttc	ctg	ccc	1689
Tvr	Δrσ	Tvr	Sar	Cve	ماا	Acn	Acn	Sar	Δla	Dha	Chi	Δra	Pha	Lau	Pro	

				455					460					465		
cgg	gtc	tgg	tgt	ctt	ctc	cga	cgg	tac	cag	atg	atg	ttc	ggc	gtg	ggc	1737
Arg	Val	Trp	Cys	Leu	Leu	Arg	Arg	Tyr	GIn	Met	Met	Phe	Gly	Val	Gly	
			470					475					480			
ctc	tac	gag	ggg	act	ggc	ctg	cag	gga	tcg	ctg	cct	gtg	cat	gtc	ttt	1785
Leu	Tyr	Glu	Gly	Thr	Gly	Leu	GIn	Gly	Ser	Leu	Pro	Val	His	Val	Phe	
		485					490					495				
gag	gcc	ctc	cac	cga	ctc	ttt	ggc	gtc	agc	ttc	gag	tgc	ttc	gcc	tca	1833
Glu	Ala	Leu	His	Arg	Leu	Phe	Gly	Val	Ser	Phe	Glu	Cys	Phe	Ala	Ser	
	500					505					510					
ccc	ctc	aac	tgc	tac	ttc	cgc	cag	tac	tgt	tct	gcc	ttc	ccc	gac	aca	1881
Pro	Leu	Asn	Cys	Tyr	Phe	Arg	Gln	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Ala	Phe	Pro	Asp	Thr	
515					520					525					530	
gaç	ggc	tac	ttt	ggc	tcc	cgc	ggg	ccc	tgc	cta	gac	ttt	gct	cca	ctg	1929
Asp	Gly	Tyr	Phe	Gly	Ser	Arg	Gly	Pro	Cys	Leu	Asp	Phe	Ala	Pro	Leu	
				535					540					545		
agt	ggt	tca	ttt	gag	gcc	aac	cct	ccc	ttc	tgc	gag	gag	ctc	atg	gat	1977
Ser	Gly	Ser	Phe	Glu	Ala	Asn	Pro	Pro	Phe	Cys	Glu	Glu	Leu	Met	Asp	
			550					555					560			
gcc	atg	gtc	tct	cac	ttt	gag	aga	ctg	ctt	gag	agc	tca	ccg	gag	ccc	2025
Ala	Met	Val	Ser	His	Phe	Glu	Arg	Leu	Leu	Glu	Ser	Ser	Pro	Glu	Pro	
		565					570					575				
ctg	tcc	ttc	atc	gtg	ttc	atc	cct	gag	tgg	cgg	gaa	CCC	cca	aca	cca	2073
Leu	Ser	Phe	lle	Val	Phe	lle	Pro	Glu	Trp	Arg	Glu	Pro	Pro	Thr	Pro	
	580					585					590					
gcg	ctc	acc	cgc	atg	gag	cag	agc	cgc	ttc	aaa	cgc	cac	cag	ttg	atc	2121
Ala	Leu	Thr	Arg	Met	Glu	Gln	Ser	Arg	Phe	Lys	Arg	His	Gln	Leu	lle	
595					600					605					610	
ctg	cct	gcc	ttt	gag	cat	gag	tac	cgc	agt	ggc	tcc	cag	cac	ato	tgc	2169

Leu	Pro	Ala	Phe	Glu	His	Glu	Tyr	Arg	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gln	His	He	Cys	
				615					620					625		
aag	aag	gag	gaa	atg	cac	tac	aag	gcc	gtc	cac	aac	acg	gct	gtg	ctc	2217
Lys	Lys	Glu	Glu	Met	His	Tyr	Lys	Ala	Val	His	Asn	Thr	Ala	Val	Leu	
			630					635					640			
·ttc	cta	cag	aac	gac	cct	ggc	ttt	gcc	aag	tgg	gcg	ccg	acg	cct	gaa	2265
Phe	Leu	Gin	Asn	Asp	Pro	Gly	Phe	Ala	Lys	Trp	Ala	Pro	Thr	Pro	Glu	
		645					650					655				
cgg	ctg	cag	gag	ctg	agt	gct	gcc	tac	cgg	cag	tca	ggc	cgc	agc	cac	2313
Arg	Leu	Gln	Glu	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Arg	Gln	Ser	Gly	Arg	Ser	His	
	660					665					670					
agc	tct	ggt	tct	tcc	tca	tcg	tcc	tcc	tcg	gag	gcc	aag	gac	cgg	gac	2361
Ser	Ser	Gly	Ser	Glu	Ala	Lys	Asp	Arg	Asp							
675					680					685					690	
tcg	ggc	cgt	gag	cag	ggt	cct	agc	cgc	gag	cct	cac	ccc	act	taa		2406
Ser	Gly	Arg	Glu	Gln	Gly	Pro	Ser	Arg	Glu	Pro	His	Pro	Thr			
				695					700					705		
cat	atcc	tgc	gggg	agga	gg a	gccc	cagg	g gt	gcta	gtct	gga	ctgc	tgg	gact	cgggcc	2466
cct	gggg	cct	caga	ggga	cc c	cggc	tgcc	a ct	gaca	tatg	aag	atta	tgg	ttct	gccagg	2526
gct	cccc	tcc	ctgc	ctgt	cc c	caag	tcct	c ac	ctca	aact	ccc	tcca	agt	ccca	tgtata	2586
tag	gtcc	tga	tgcc	ttcc	ca a	cccc	gccc	c tc	accc	tgtt	gcc	acct	tgt	ttca	tttgta	2646
aaa	ggaa	ata	caga	aacc	cc c	CC										2669

<210> 4

<211> 26

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial sequence

<400> 6

cgaggatccg ttcaggacct cccagaggacg cta

<220>
<213> Synthesized oligonucleotide
⟨400⟩ 4
ccgaattcat ggccaatgag aatcac
<210> 5
<211> 26
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial sequence
<220>
<213> Synthesized oligonucleotide
<400> 5
ccgtcgactt aagtggggtg aggctc
<210> 6
<211> 33
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial sequence
⟨220⟩
<213> Synthesized oligonucleotide

26

26

```
<210> 7
```

⟨211⟩ 33

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial sequence

<220>

<213> Synthesized oligonucleotide

<400> 7

cgagaattcc gaaatcacat cgtgctgccc cag

33

#### SEQUENCE LISTING

- <110> Japan Science and Technology Corporation
- <120> Human nucleoprotein having a WW domain and a polynucleotide encoding the protein
- <130> 09/889,722
- <140> PCT/JP00/08253
- <141> 2000-11-22
- <150> JP11-332572
- <151> 1999-11-24
- <160> 7
- <170> PatentIn Ver. 2.0
- <210> 1
- <211> 704
- <212> PRT
- <213> Homo sapiens
- <400> 1
- Met Ala Asn Glu Asn His Gly Ser Pro Arg Glu Glu Ala Ser Leu Leu
  1 10 15
- Ser His Ser Pro Gly Thr Ser Asn Gln Ser Gln Pro Cys Ser Pro Lys
  20 25 30
- Pro Ile Arg Leu Val Gln Asp Leu Pro Glu Glu Leu Val His Ala Gly 35 40 45
- Trp Glu Lys Cys Trp Ser Arg Arg Glu Asn Arg Pro Tyr Tyr Phe Asn 50 55 60
- Arg Phe Thr Asn Gln Ser Leu Trp Glu Met Pro Val Leu Gly Gln His 65 70 75 80
- Asp Val Ile Ser Asp Pro Leu Gly Leu Asn Ala Thr Pro Leu Pro Gln
  85 90 95
- Asp Ser Ser Leu Val Glu Thr Pro Pro Ala Glu Asn Lys Pro Arg Lys
- 100 105 110

  Arg Gln Leu Ser Glu Glu Gln Pro Ser Gly Asn Gly Val Lys Lys Pro
  115 120 125
- Lys Ile Glu Ile Pro Val Thr Pro Thr Gly Gln Ser Val Pro Ser Ser
- 130 135 140
  Pro Ser Ile Pro Gly Thr Pro Thr Leu Lys Met Trp Gly Thr Ser Pro
- 145 150 155 160 Glu Asp Lys Gln Gln Ala Ala Leu Leu Arg Pro Thr Glu Val Tyr Trp
- 165 170 175
  Asp Leu Asp Ile Gln Thr Asn Ala Val Ile Lys His Arg Gly Pro Ser
- 180 185 190 Clu Wal Lou Day Pro Chy Lou Chy Lou Lou Day Chy Lou
- Glu Val Leu Pro Pro His Pro Glu Val Glu Leu Leu Arg Ser Gln Leu 195 200 205
- Ile Leu Lys Leu Arg Gln His Tyr Arg Glu Leu Cys Gln Gln Arg Glu 210 215 220
- Gly Ile Glu Pro Pro Arg Glu Ser Phe Asn Arg Trp Met Leu Glu Arg
- Lys Val Val Asp Lys Gly Ser Asp Pro Leu Leu Pro Ser Asn Cys Glu

Pro Val Val Ser Pro Ser Met Phe Arg Glu Ile Met Asn Asp Ile Pro Ile Arg Leu Ser Arg Ile Lys Phe Arg Glu Glu Ala Lys Arg Leu Leu Phe Lys Tyr Ala Glu Ala Ala Arg Arg Leu Ile Glu Ser Arg Ser Ala Ser Pro Asp Ser Arg Lys Val Val Lys Trp Asn Val Glu Asp Thr Phe Ser Trp Leu Arg Lys Asp His Ser Ala Ser Lys Glu Asp Tyr Met Asp Arg Leu Glu His Leu Arg Arg Gln Cys Gly Pro His Val Ser Ala Ala Ala Lys Asp Ser Val Glu Gly Ile Cys Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile Ser Leu Glu Tyr Val Lys Arg Ile Arg Glu Lys His Leu Ala Ile Leu Lys Glu Asn Asn Ile Ser Glu Glu Val Glu Ala Pro Glu Val Glu Pro Arg Leu Val Tyr Cys Tyr Pro Val Arg Leu Ala Val Ser Ala Pro Pro Met Pro Ser Val Glu Met His Met Glu Asn Asn Val Val Cys Ile Arg Tyr Lys Gly Glu Met Val Lys Val Ser Arg Asn Tyr Phe Ser Lys Leu Trp Leu Leu Tyr Arg Tyr Ser Cys Ile Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Glu Arg Phe Leu Pro Arg Val Trp Cys Leu Leu Arg Arg Tyr Gln Met Met Phe Gly Val Gly Leu Tyr Glu Gly Thr Gly Leu Gln Gly Ser Leu Pro Val His Val Phe Glu Ala Leu His Arg Leu Phe Gly Val Ser Phe Glu Cys Phe Ala Ser Pro Leu Asn Cys Tyr Phe Arg Gln Tyr Cys Ser Ala Phe Pro Asp Thr Asp Gly Tyr Phe Gly Ser Arg Gly Pro Cys Leu Asp Phe Ala Pro Leu Ser Gly Ser Phe Glu Ala Asn Pro Pro Phe Cys Glu Glu Leu Met Asp Ala Met Val Ser His Phe Glu Arg Leu Leu Glu Ser Ser Pro Glu Pro Leu Ser Phe Ile Val Phe Ile Pro Glu Trp Arg Glu Pro Pro Thr Pro Ala Leu Thr Arg Met Glu Gln Ser Arg Phe Lys Arg His Gln Leu Ile Leu Pro Ala Phe Glu His Glu Tyr Arg Ser Gly Ser Gln His Ile Cys Lys Lys Glu Glu Met His Tyr Lys Ala Val His Asn Thr Ala Val Leu Phe Leu Gln Asn Asp Pro Gly Phe Ala Lys Trp Ala Pro Thr Pro Glu Arg Leu Gln Glu Leu Ser Ala Ala Tyr Arg Gln Ser Gly Arg Ser His Ser Ser Gly Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Glu Ala Lys Asp Arg Asp Ser Gly Arg Glu Gln Gly Pro Ser Arg Glu Pro His Pro Thr 

en in de le la company de la compaña que

```
<210> 2
<211> 2112
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens
<400> 2
atggccaatg agaatcacgg cagccccgg gaggaagcgt ccctgctgag tcactcccca 60
ggtaceteca atcagageca gecetgttet ecaaagecaa teegeetggt teaggacete 120
ccagaggagc tggtgcatgc aggctgggag aagtgctgga gccggaggga gaatcgtccc 180
tactacttca accgattcac caaccagtcc ctgtgggaga tgcccgtgct ggggcagcac 240
gatgtgattt cggacccttt ggggctgaat gcgaccccac tgccccaaga ctcaagcttg 300
gtggaaactc ccccggctga gaacaagccc agaaagcggc agctctcgga agagcagcca 360
ageggeaatg gtgtgaagaa geceaagatt gaaateeeag tgacaceeae aggeeagteg 420
gtgcccagct cccccagtat cccaggaacc ccaacgctga agatgtgggg tacgtcccct 480
gaagataaac agcaggcagc tctcctacga cccactgagg tctactggga cctggacatc 540
cagaccaatg ctgtcatcaa gcaccggggg ccttcagagg tgctgccccc gcatcccgaa 600
gtggaactgc tecgetetea geteateetg aagettegge ageactateg ggagetgtge 660
cagcagcgag agggcattga gcctccacgg gagtctttca accgctggat gctggagcgc 720
aaggtggtag acaaaggatc tgacccctg ttgcccagca actgtgaacc agtcgtgtca 780
ccttccatgt ttcgtgaaat catgaacgac attcctatca ggttatcccg aatcaagttc 840
cgggaggaag ccaagcgcct gctctttaaa tatgcggagg ccgccaggcg gctcatcgag 900
tccaggagtg catcccctga cagtaggaag gtggtcaaat ggaatgtgga agacaccttt 960
agctggcttc ggaaggacca ctcagcctcc aaggaggact acatggatcg cctggagcat 1020
ctgcggaggc agtgtggccc ccacgtctcg gccgcagcca aggactccgt ggaaggcatc 1080
tgcagtaaga tctaccacat ctccctggag tacgtcaaac ggatccgaga gaagcacctt 1140
gccatcctca aggaaaacaa catctcagag gaggtggagg cccctgaggt ggagccccgc 1200
ctagtgtact gctacccagt ccggctggct gtgtctgcac cgcccatgcc cagcgtggag 1260
atgcacatgg agaacaacgt ggtctgcatc cggtataagg gagagatggt caaggtcagc 1320
cgcaactact tcagcaagct gtggctcctt taccgctaca gctgcattga tgactctgcc 1380
tttgagaggt teetgeeeg ggtetggtgt etteteegae ggtaceagat gatgttegge 1440
gtgggcctct acgaggggac tggcctgcag ggatcgctgc ctgtgcatgt ctttgaggcc 1500
ctccaccgac tetttggcgt cagettegag tgettegeet caccecteaa etgetaette 1560
cgccagtact gttctgcctt ccccgacaca gacggctact ttggctcccg cgggccctgc 1620
ctagactttg ctccactgag tggttcattt gaggccaacc ctcccttctg cgaggagctc 1680
atggatgcca tggtctctca ctttgagaga ctgcttgaga gctcaccgga gcccctgtcc 1740
ttcatcgtgt tcatccctga gtggcgggaa cccccaacac cagcgctcac ccgcatggag 1800
cagageeget teaaaegeea ceagttgate etgeetgeet ttgageatga gtaeegeagt 1860
ggctcccagc acatctgcaa gaaggaggaa atgcactaca aggccgtcca caacacggct 1920
gtgctcttcc tacagaacga ccctggcttt gccaagtggg cgccgacgcc tgaacggctg 1980
caggagetga gtgetgeeta eeggeagtea ggeegeagee acagetetgg ttetteetea 2040
tegteeteet eggaggeeaa ggacegggae tegggeegtg ageagggtee tageegegag 2100
                                                                   2112
cctcacccca ct
 <210> 3
 <211> 2669
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens
 <220>
 <221> CDS
 <222> (292)..(2406)
 <400> 3
 acacaagatg gcggcagcgg cgctggggag ggcgaggcgg aggcggcaaa acgggcggtc 60
```

taca	ctgg	gc t	cccg	tcca acct	c to	cact taaa	gctg	acc tqt	agcc	gtc	cate	cggc	gc t tg g	gagt Jagaa Jatg	Ala	100
aat Asn	gag Glu	aat Asn 5	cac His	ggc Gly	agc Ser	ccc Pro	cgg Arg 10	gag Glu	gaa Glu	gcg Ala	tcc Ser	ctg Leu 15	ctg Leu	agt Ser	cac His	345
tcc Ser	cca Pro 20	aut	acc Thr	tcc Ser	aat Asn	cag Gln 25	agc Ser	cag Gln	ccc Pro	tgt Cys	tct Ser 30	cca Pro	aag Lys	cca Pro	atc Ile	393
Arg 35	ctg Leu	Val	Gln	Asp	ctc Leu 40	Pro	GLu	GLu	Leu	45	HIS	Ala	стх	пр	50	441
aag Lys	Cys	Trp	Ser	Arg 55	agg Arg	Glu	Asn	Arg	Pro 60	Tyr	Tyr	Pne	ASII	65	rne	489
Thr	Asn	Gln	Ser 70	Leu	tgg Trp	Glu	Met	Pro 75	Val	Leu	СТА	GIN	80	Asp	val	537
Ile	Ser	Asp 85	Pro	Leu	Gly	Leu	Asn 90	Ala	Thr	Pro	Leu	95	GIN	Asp	ser	585
Ser	Leu 100	Val	Glu	Thr	ccc Pro	Pro 105	Ala	Glu	Asn	Lys	Pro 110	Arg	гуѕ	Arg	GIII	633
Leu	Ser	Glu	Glu	Gln	cca Pro 120	Ser	Gly	Asn	Gly	Val 125	ьуѕ	ьуѕ	Pro	ьуѕ	130	681
gaa Glu	Ile	Pro	Val	Thr 135	ccc Pro	Thr	Gly	Gin	Ser 140	Val	Pro	ser	ser	145	ser	729
Ile	Pro	Gly	Thr 150	Pro	acg Thr	Leu	Lys	Met 155	Trp	GLY	Thr	ser	160	GLU	Asp	777
Lys	Gln	Gln 165	Ala	Ala	ctc Leu	Leu	Arg 170	Pro	Thr	GLu	. Val	Tyr 175	Trp	Asp	ьeu	825
Asp	Ile 180	Gln	Thr	Asn	gct Ala	Val 185	Ile	Lys	His	Arg	Gly 190	Pro	Ser	GLu	Val	873
Leu 195	Pro	Pro	His	Pro	gaa Glu 200	Val	Glu	Leu	Leu	Arg 205	ser	Gin	ьес	l IIe	210	921
Lys	Leu	Arg	Gln	His 215	tat Tyr	Arg	Glu	Leu	Cys 220	Gln	ı Gın	. Arg	GIU	225	TTE	969
Glu	Pro	Pro	Arg 230	r Glu )	tct Ser	Phe	. Asn	Arg 235	Trp	Met	: Leu	Glu	240	) lras	vai	1017
Val	Asp	Lys 245	Gly	7 Ser	gac Asp	Pro	Leu 250	ı Leu )	Pro	Ser	Asn	Cys 255	GIL i	ı Pro	vai	1065
gtç Val	tca Ser 260	Pro	tco Ser	atg Met	ttt Phe	cgt Arg 265	, Glu	ato Ile	atg Met	aac Asr	gac Asp 270	) Ile	cct Pro	ato Ile	agg Arg	1113

Leu 275	Ser	Arg	Ile	aag Lys	Phe 280	Arg	Glu	Glu	Ala	Lys 285	Arg	Leu	Leu	rne	цуs 290	1161
tat: Tyr	Ala	Glu	Ala	gcc Ala 295	Arg	Arg	Leu	Ile	Glu 300	Ser	Arg	Ser	Ala	305	Pro	1209
Asp	Ser	Arg	Lys 310	gtg Val	Val	Lys	Trp	Asn 315	Val	Glu	Asp	Thr	320	ser	Trp	1257
Leu	Arg	Lys 325	Asp	cac His	Ser	Ala	Ser 330	Lys	Glu	Asp	Tyr	Met 335	Asp	Arg	ьеи	1305
Glu	His	Leu	Arg	agg Arg	Gln	Cys 345	Gly	Pro	His	Val	Ser 350	ALa	Ala	Ala	гля	1353
Asp 355	Ser	Val	Glu	ggc Gly	Ile 360	Cys	Ser	Lys	Ile	Tyr 365	His	Ile	Ser	Leu	370	1401
Tyr	Val	Lys	Arg	atc Ile 375	Arg	Glu	Lys	His	Leu 380	Ala	Ile	Leu	Lys	385	Asn	1449
Asn	Ile	Ser	Glu 390	gag Glu	Val	Glu	Ala	Pro 395	Glu	Val	GLu	Pro	Arg 400	Leu	vaı	1497
Tyr	Cys	Tyr 405	Pro	gtc Val	Arg	Leu	Ala 410	Val	Ser	Ala	Pro	Pro 415	Met	Pro	ser	1545
Val	Glu 420	Met	His	Met	Glu	Asn 425	Asn	Val	Val	Суѕ	11e 430	Arg	Tyr	гуѕ		1593
Glu 435	Met	Val	Lys	Val	Ser 440	Arg	Asn	Tyr	Phe	Ser 445	Lys	Leu	Trp	ьeu	ctt Leu 450	1641
Tyr	Arg	Tyr	Ser	Cys 455	Ile	Asp	Asp	Ser	A1a 460	Phe	GLu	Arg	Pne	ьеи 465		1689
Arg	Val	Trp	Cys 470	Leu	Leu	Arg	Arg	Tyr 475	Gln	Met	Met	Phe	GLY 480	Val	ggc Gly	1737
Leu	Tyr	Glu 485	Gly	Thr	Gly	Leu	Gln 490	Gly	Ser	Leu	Pro	Val 495	His	Val	ttt Phe	1785
Glu	Ala 500	Leu	His	Arg	Leu	Phe 505	Gly	Val	Ser	Phe	Glu 510	Cys	Phe	Ala	tca Ser	1833
Pro 515	Leu	Asn	Cys	Tyr	Phe 520	Arg	Gln	Туг	Cys	Ser 525	Ala	Phe	Pro	Asp	Thr 530	1881
Asp	Gly	Tyr	Phe	Gly 535	Ser	Arg	Gly	Pro	Cys 540	Leu	Asp	Phe	Ala	545		1929
Ser	Gly	' Ser	Ph∈ 550	: Glu	Ala	Asn	Pro	9 Pro 555	Phe	cys	: Glu	ı GLu	ь Leu 560	Met	gat Asp	1977
gcc Ala	atg Met	gto Val	Ser	cac His	ttt Phe	gag Glu	aga Arg 570	, Leu	ctt Leu	gag Glu	g ago i Ser	tca Ser 575	Pro	gag Glu	g ccc l Pro	2025

														aca Thr		2073
Ala	ctc				Glu	cag					cgc			ttg Leu		2121
										ggc				atc Ile 625	tgc	2169
				atg					gtc					gtg Val		2217
			aac					gcc					acg	cct Pro		2265
		cag					gcc					ggc		agc Ser		2313
	tct					tcg					gcc			cgg Arg		2361
tcg				cag Gln 695	ggt					cct					030	2406
gcto gcto tago	gggg cccct gtcct	cct o ccc o	caga ctgc tgcc	ggga ctgt	CC CC CC CC Ca ac	cggci caagi cccc	tgcc:	a cto	gacat ctcaa	tatg aact	aaga ccci	attai tccaa	tgg agt	ttct: ccca	egggee gecagg tgtata tttgta	2526 2586
<211 <212	0> 4 L> 26 2> Di 3> A	ΑV	icia:	l sed	quenc	ce										
<220 <223		ynthe	esize	ed ol	ligo	nucle	eotio	de								
<400 ccga		cat q	ggcc	aatga	ag aa	atca	C									26
<212 <212	0> 5 1> 20 2> Di 3> A:	ΝA	icia	l sed	quen	ce										
<220 <223		ynthe	esize	ed o	Ligon	nucle	eotio	de								
<400 ccgt		ctt a	aagt	gggg¹	tg ag	ggct	2									26
	D> 6 L> 34	1														

<213> Artificial sequence	
<220> <223> Synthesized oligonucleotide	
<400> 6 cgaggatccg ttcaggacct cccagaggac gcta	34
<210> 7 <211> 33 <212> DNA <213> Artificial sequence	
<220> <223> Synthesized oligonucleotide	
<400> 7 cgagaattcc gaaatcacat cgtgctgccc cag	33